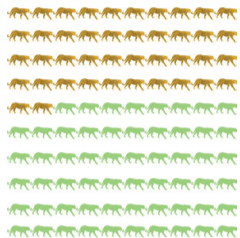




HAS RAISED **£4,661,382** TO FUND **254** PROPOSALS FROM **103** DIFFERENT PROJECTS IN **7** COUNTRIES SINCE 1997

POPULATION MONITORING

Monitoring provides a better understanding of population numbers & long-term trends. Only with intensive monitoring can we determine whether conservation actions are having a positive impact. Monitoring methods include camera traps, snow tracking, scat analysis and DNA analysis.



China: Hunchun Nature Reserve (HNR)

WildCats funds the WCS monitoring of Amur leopards dispersing from Russia.

Nepal: Parsa National Park (PNP)

WildCats has funded ZSL activities in PNP since 2015. Since achieving National Park status in 2017 the tiger population has increased by

150%

40%
of all wild Amur leopards live in HNR.

2020 - 2015 = 280 %
approximate increase in Amur leopards

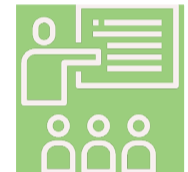


2014 - 2018 = 157%
approximate increase in Amur tigers

EDUCATION OUTREACH & TRAINING

Community based programmes seek to inspire children and adults to nurture and protect their local wildlife and lands rather than take part in hunting, poaching and illegal land conversion.

71 individual proposals have been funded since 1997 that have engaged with communities and young people to influence behaviour in China, India, Indonesia, Malaysia and Russia.



Training, both formal and informal in the skills needed to manage protected areas and buffer zones is crucial.

578 staff including veterinary, educators, rangers and judiciary were trained between 2018 - 2021.

REDUCING THREATS

We fund projects that protect tigers and Amur leopards by intelligence-led SMART* antipoaching patrolling, habitat protection, wildlife crime deterrents and community support.



The SMART* patrol tool has been implemented in **9** protected areas in **5** countries since 2013 and maximises the effectiveness of patrols.

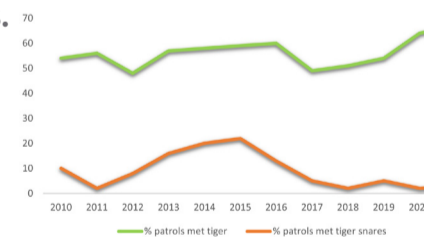
85%

less active tiger snares have been detected in the core of Kerinci Seblat National Park (KSNP) since 2015, the lowest level since 2008.

66

tiger poachers or traders have been imprisoned after arrest in KSNP since 2001.

In KSNP fewer snares correspond with a rise in the percentage of patrols encountering signs of tigers.



* SMART: Spatial Monitoring and Reporting Tool.

2021

£191,000 was granted to **9** projects, that covered **40,000km²**, home to an estimated **740** tigers, approximately **14%** of the current wild tiger population.

Activities included:



7,400 young people taking part in conservation education activities.



8 camera trap surveys in 4 countries recorded **75** individual tigers, **82** Amur leopards and **64** other species.



22,400km² protected by rangers who patrolled over **451,600km** by vehicle, boat and on foot.



5,750 local community members engaged in environmental awareness activities.