

WildCats final (end of year) report template

This report will be made public. If it contains confidential or sensitive information, please also provide a revised report for sharing with the public.

Section I. Project Information		
Project Title: MAINTAINING STABLE COLLABORATION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SUMATERA TIGER WITH CONSERVATION PARTNERSHIP GROUPS, PREACHERS AND GOVERNMENT		
Grantee Organisation: Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia		
Location of project: Kerinci Seblat National Park and its surroundings in North Bengkulu and Lebong Regencies, Bengkulu Province. And North Musi Rawas Regency, South Sumatra Province. (Attached Map).		
Size of project area (if appropriate):	No of tigers and / or Amur leopards in project area, giving evidence & source:	
<p>Partners: This project will be carried out by Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia and partnered with institutions that have authority from central level to the district level. The partner has been working with Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia permanently on project in the previous year.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The Leaders and Executive of the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council (MUI) Lebong and North District will work with Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia and lead socialisation of the FATWA No. 04/2014 which forbids the hunting of endangered wildlife to the community and village religious leaders in project area;2. Management Units (UPT) of the Ministry of Environment and Forestry (MoEF)-Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority and Bengkulu Unit for Conservation of Natural Resources (KSDA): These two agencies hold authority for management of forest and protected areas and wildlife conservation and will be key partners both for SMART patrols and community awareness meetings;3. Lebong District Forestry Service, will join the project team for SMART patrols in watershed protection forests adjoining the national park;4. Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia holds an MoU with the National Park Authority and works with the Lebong and North Bengkulu chapter of the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council (MUI) under an MoU;5. Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia will continue to work closely with the FFI/KNSP Tiger Protection & Conservation Units which operate from a base camp in Seblat, North Bengkulu;6. Police authority will be the project team lead partner for wildlife crime law enforcement outside the protected area where investigations secure evidence of poaching or illegal wildlife trade.7. The FFI/KNSP Tiger Protection & Conservation Units will be strategically important partners providing technical advice and support to Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia, including conducting SMART patrols using information from Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia community networks and backing up and strengthening poaching and illegal wildlife trade investigations;8. Local community religious leaders, other forest edge community leaders and youth groups partnering with Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia team to secure and pass on information on suspected wildlife crime, threat to tiger and tiger prey and potential human tiger conflict.		
Project Contact Name: (main contact via email) ISWADI		
Email: lswadi.lingkarinstitut@gmail.com / imaurimbo@gmail.com		
Reporting period:		
Start Date: February 2024	End Date: January 2025	Duration: 1 Year

Please ensure that your report relates to the objectives and activities detailed in your proposal and logframe. Please include results data in Section II and Section III.

Section II. Project Results

Long Term Impact:

Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia in the period February 2024 to January 2025 has carried out various activities to strengthen the function of the Kerinci Seblat National Park area, this is shown based on the results of the assessment and evaluation carried out by the Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority on all Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia activities with a score of 89.1 (Very Good). The assessment was given specifically to the security activities of the national park forest area through collaborative forest patrol activities.

Collaboration with religious leaders has shown significant progress by expanding the area in order to raise public awareness about wildlife conservation through the MUI Fatwa Socialization activity on the Prohibition of Hunting and Trade in Protected Wildlife, this condition is very important to be maintained in the future consistently to ensure the involvement of forest edge communities in maintaining conservation areas and protecting protected wildlife.

Conservation Outcome:

The MUI Fatwa Socialization Activity was expanded to 7 Villages in North Bengkulu Regency and was attended by a total of 345 participants, the results of the assessment through the pre-test and post-test methods in this socialization activity have shown an increase in public knowledge in key villages regarding the issue of protected wildlife conservation using religious values.

The coaching of 4 active hunters in Lebong Regency has shown quite good progress, currently the hunters who were coached have also been involved in campaigning for the conservation of protected wildlife openly to the community, one of the former hunters was also trusted as one of the speakers in the Conservation School activity carried out by Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia, Tiger Heart, and Environmental Lover Students.

In the commemoration of World Tiger Day, the conservation campaign was carried out massively, especially for the younger generation by carrying out various joint activities, along with these activities, the Conservation School activity was also carried out which was attended by 20 conservation cadres who were representatives from universities in Bengkulu Province.

The Collaborative Forest Patrol Team, utilizing information from communities in key villages and data from investigative activities, has succeeded in suppressing illegal activities in the conservation area by securing 2 snares, 16 nylon snares, 10 glue traps, and destroying one hunter camp.

Summary of activities and achievements:

In general, in the period from February 2024 to January 2025, through collaborative forest patrol activities, an increase in illegal hunting activities was found. Based on data from the results of investigation activities throughout 2024, information on Sumatran Tiger hunting has also increased. Information from the community in key villages on the edge of the national park also reported an increase in conflicts with the appearance of Sumatran Tigers in plantations near community settlements.

Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia together with the Bengkulu Province Natural Resources Conservation Agency and the Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority, based on information from the community in key villages, has carried out response activities to 3 wildlife and human conflicts in North Bengkulu, Muko-Muko, and Lebong Regencies. Wildlife and Human Conflicts in Muko-Muko Regency have caused 1 person to die.

In July 2024, Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia in collaboration with the Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority, Bukit Daun Forest Management Group, Nature Lover Students in Bengkulu Province carried out an activity to commemorate World Tiger Day which was held in the Madapi Forest, Rejang Lebong Regency.

Regency. This activity was attended by the Governor of Bengkulu, Head of the Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority, Students, Artists, Forest Farmer Groups and communities in key villages of the Kerinci Seblat National Park.

Details of activities and results:

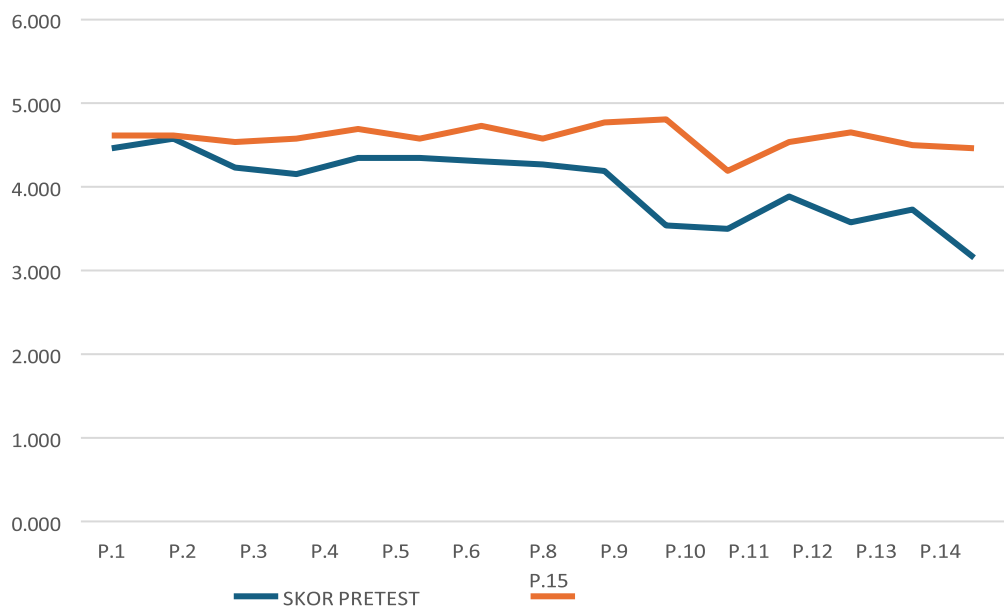
Objective 1:

Strengthen awareness of the MUI Fatwa No. 04/2012 on hunting and trade in tiger and other endangered species in key villages Kerinci Seblat National Park and surrounding in Lebong and North Bengkulu District of Bengkulu Province.

Activity 1:

Intensive socialization of FATWA MUI No. 04/2014 in the six villages Lebong and North Bengkulu districts that have been identified by the project team where active hunting and trade in protected wildlife occurs.

Result	:	<p>In the period from February 2024 to January 2025, Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia together with the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council (MUI) of North Bengkulu Regency have carried out the MUI Fatwa Socialization 7 times in key villages on the edge of the national park, namely: Tebing Kaning Village, Armajaya, Air Tenang, Tanjung Kemenyan, Tanjung Harapan, Air Lelangi, and Air Napal. The 7 socialization activities were attended by 345 people including religious leaders, women leaders, community leaders, Youth, Village Government, and Police. The socialization material was delivered directly by the Chairperson of the North Bengkulu MUI, in his material the Chairperson of the MUI conveyed the importance of preserving protected wildlife including the Sumatran Tiger to maintain the balance of the ecosystem, this has been regulated in the MUI FATWA which categorizes that hunting and trading activities of protected wildlife are declared 'sin' and not in line with Islamic values. In this socialization activity, the Police also appealed to all participants not to hunt protected wildlife because this activity is prohibited by law.</p> <p>In general, participants in the socialization activity responded by stating that most of them did not know the types of protected wildlife, especially birds, especially for types of animals such as Sumatran Tigers, Elephants, Rhinos, and Deer, 80% of participants already knew that they were protected species and were currently threatened with extinction.</p> <p>To ensure that information about the types of protected animals reaches the community, the Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia Team together with the MUI Management of North Bengkulu Regency at the end of the socialization activity distributed posters about the types and pictures of protected wildlife. In addition, the community was urged to report if there was a conflict between wildlife and humans and if there was information about illegal hunting activities that occurred in their area</p>
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Graf Comparison of initial scores and final scores related to participants' knowledge of the Fatwa of the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council Number 04/2014 Concerning the Prohibition of Hunting and Trading of Protect Wildlife



Socialization of the FATWA of the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council (MUI) Number 04/2014 Concerning the Prohibition of Hunting and Trading of Protected Wildlife



Socialization of the FATWA of the Indonesia Islamic Scholars Council (MUI) Number 04/2014
Concerning the Prohibition of Hunting and Trading of Protected Wildlife

Activity 2:

Regular informal meeting with Indonesia Council of Islamic Scholars (MUI) Leader in Lebong and North Bengkulu District regarding progress made and challenges recorder

Result	:	The routine meeting of the Leaders of the Indonesia Council of Islamic Scholars of North Bengkulu Regency was held 4 times, this meeting was held to prepare a schedule of activities, evaluations, and record the challenges of socialization activities in key villages of the national park. In addition, the meeting was also a medium for sharing information on reports from the community regarding wildlife and human conflict events and illegal activities in the national park forest area.
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Objective 2:

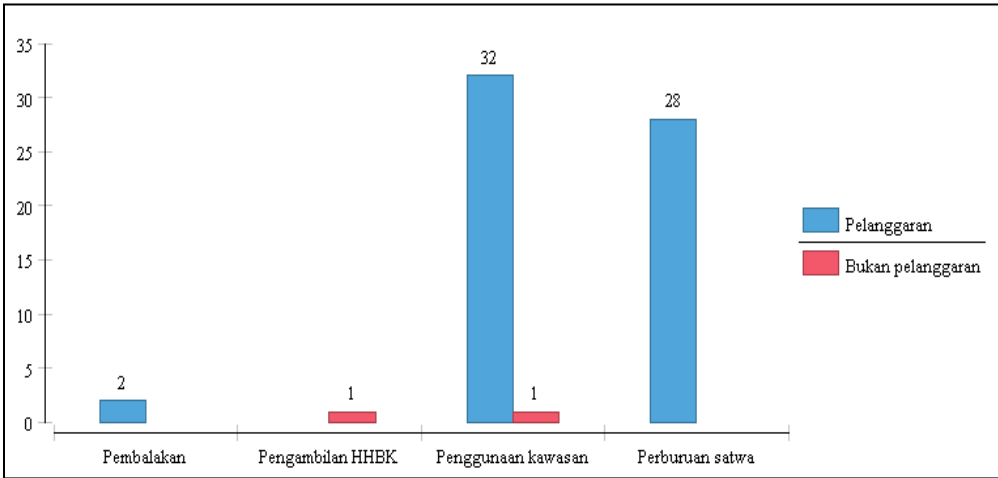
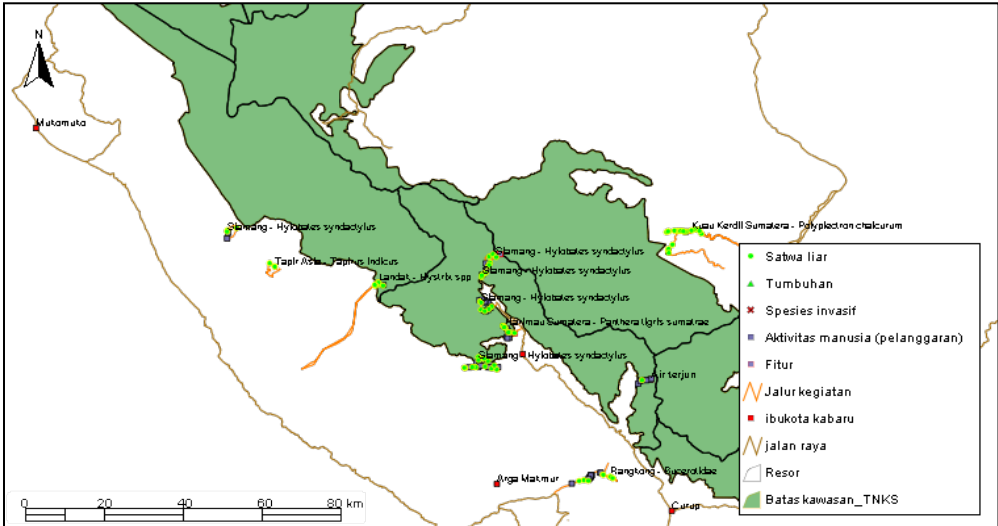
Maintain action to protect and conservation wild Sumatran Tiger in the far south of Kerinci Seblat National Park area through rapid response unit SMART forest patrols, managing community information networks, investigation and wildlife crime law enforcement.

Activity 1:

Regular SMART Forest Patrols are information-led, by rapid response patrol units focused to detecting and reducing threats to tigers, tiger prey and habitat.

Result	:	Forest Patrol activities are carried out by adopting the SMART Patrol method, namely a method of tracing the ridge in a particular forest area and recording every finding such as direct encounters or indicators of the presence of animals, plants, threats, and natural signs into the patrol tally sheet. In general, during the period from January 2024 to February 2025, Forest Patrols were carried out 15 times with a total time of 69 days and a total walking distance of 392 kilometers. During the Patrol activities carried out, the Team found several indications of 14 points of the presence of Sumatran Tigers, 3 points of Sumatran Elephants, 2 points of Leopards, 6 points of Tapirs, and 18 points of Deer with observation results in the form of mother and child tracks, sounds, and droppings. In addition, the Team also found
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several indications of several other animals such as Siamang, Hornbills, Tapirs, King-tailed Owls, Deer, and Long-tailed Monkeys. The team also found 28 hunting activity points consisting of 2 snares, 16 nylon snares, and 10 glue traps, 32 points of illegal use of forest areas without permits, 2 points of illegal logging in the Kerinci Seblat National Park forest area.



Graf of Number of Findings of Human Activities in Forest Areas

PATROL TEAM PRESENCE WITH WILDLIFE			
Types of Wildlife	Direct Presence	Indirect Presence	Dead Wildlife
Babi Hutan (Sus Scrofa)		8	1
Beruang Madu (Helarctos Malayanus)	1	2	
Gajah Sumatera (Elephas Maximus)		3	1
Harimau Sumatera (Panthera Tigris Sumatrae)		14	
Kijang Muncak (Muntiacus Muntjak)		2	
Kuau Kerdil Sumatera (Polyplectron Chalcurum)		2	
Landak-Hystrix spp		2	
Kuau Raja (Argusianus Argus)		6	
Macan Dahan (Neofelis Diardi)		2	
Monyet Ekor Panjang (Macaca Fascicularis)	2		
Rangkong Badak (Buceros Rhinoceros)	2	10	
Rangkong (Bucerotidae)	2	12	
Rangkong Papan (Buceros Bicornis)	1		
Rusa Sambar (Rusa Unicorn)		18	
Siamang (Hylobates Syndactylus)	10	37	
Tapir Asia (Tapirus Indicus)		6	



Patrol Team Findings: A Snare



Patrol Team Findings: Hunter Camp

Activity 2:

Wildlife crime investigations and data sharing with partners to support wildlife crime law enforcement by TPCUs or others

Result	<p>: The focus of the investigation activities in the period from January 2024 to February 2025 was carried out in Lebong Regency, Bengkulu Province and North Musi Rawas Regency, South Sumatra Province. In Lebong Regency, the Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia investigation team has conducted an investigation into a person suspected of being a perpetrator of hunting and trading Sumatran Tigers with the initials 'P' who is known to be one of the people who is quite influential and quite experienced in carrying out illegal hunting and trading of Sumatran Tigers, from 'P' the investigation team received information that there were still 3 of his friends who were still hunting and trading illegally Sumatran Tigers, namely the initials 'R', 'A', and 'M'. After conducting an intensive approach for 1 year, 'P' has openly stated his willingness to stop illegal hunting and trading of Sumatran Tigers and has invited his 3 friends to join, but until February 2025 only his friend with the initials 'R' was willing to join while 'A' and 'M' were not willing to join for fear of being trapped by the investigation team.</p> <p>In addition to the 'P' network, in Lebong Regency the investigation team also conducted an investigation into someone with the initials 'MU', during the investigation the investigation team had not been able to meet him directly, the team was still conducting in-depth investigations through people close to him to gather information.</p> <p>In North Musi Rawas Regency, the investigation team conducted an investigation into someone with the initials 'D', from the investigation process the team confirmed that 'D' was the perpetrator of illegal hunting and trading of Sumatran Tigers and this was directly admitted by 'D' that he last hunted 2 years ago, managed to get 1 Sumatran Tiger and sold it in Jambi City, until February 2025, the team has not received information to whom 'D' sold the Sumatran Tiger.</p>
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Activity 3:

Regular meetings with Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority to prepare plans and agree actions required to securing the national park conservation area.

Result	:	<p>During the period from January 2024 to February 2025, the LINGKAR INISIATIF INDONESIA Team has held 6 routine meetings with the Kerinci Seblat National Park Authority. At the February 2024 meeting, it was agreed to continue carrying out routine activities within the National Park area even though there was no approval from the Ministry of Forestry of the Republic of Indonesia regarding the extension of the Cooperation Agreement, while waiting for the approval, all routine activities were carried out on the legal basis of the Task Order from the National Park Area Authority, namely the Head of Region III of the Kerinci Seblat National Park.</p> <p>At the April 2024 meeting. The LINGKAR INISIATIF INDONESIA Team submitted a document on the analysis of forest cover in Kerinci Seblat National Park in region III (Bengkulu and South Sumatra), in the meeting it was also agreed upon a priority area plan for security through Collaborative Forest Patrols involving Forest Police from the National Park in every Patrol activity.</p> <p>In June 2024, a meeting with the Head of the National Park Authority agreed on a joint activity to commemorate World Tiger Day which was held in the Madapi Forest, Rejang Lebong Regency, Bengkulu Province. At the July meeting, it was agreed that the National Park Authority would again send a Letter to the Minister of Forestry of the Republic of Indonesia to request approval for the signing of an extension of the Cooperation Agreement between LINGKAR INISIATIF INDONESIA and the Kerinci National Park Authority.</p> <p>Currently, based on a joint agreement with the National Park Authority, LINGKAR INISIATIF has placed one administrative staff based in the Kerinci Seblat National Park Regional Office III, the main function of the administrative staff is to coordinate and make periodic reports for all ongoing joint activities with the National Park.</p>
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Other activities:**1. Coommemoration of Global Tiger Day**

On July 22-29, 2024, in order to commemorate World Tiger Day, Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia in collaboration with the Kerinci Seblat National Park Office and Tiger Heart will carry out activities in the form of:

- School of Conservation:

The conservation school will be held from September 23 to 27, 2024, the conservation school will be attended by 20 nature loving students in Bengkulu province. The material presented at the conservation school includes: Biodiversity Inventory, smart patrols, techniques for extracting information on crimes against protected Wildlifes, communities and conservation, conservation campaign strategies and techniques for handling conflicts between humans and wildlife. The resource persons who provided material to the conservation school include: Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia, Kerinci Seblat National Park Officer, Conservation Activist and Independent Journalism Association of Bengkulu. After the conservation school activities, all participants of the conservation school agreed to join the Tiger Heart Bengkulu volunteers and will be involved in the Lingkar Inisiatif activities and activities that will support the Sumatran Tiger conservation campaign, especially in Bengkulu province.

- Conservation Camp

The Conservation Camp was held on September 24-26 which was attended by the Governor of Bengkulu, officials of Bengkulu Province, the Head of the Kerinci Seblat National Park Center, all officials of Kerinci Seblat National Park at the echelon III level, nature lovers in Bengkulu province. The participants of the conservation camp amounted to 135 people. On the night of the conservation camp, the Governor of Bengkulu held a dialogue or friendly greeting to all participants of the conservation camp. The Governor of Bengkulu conveyed his commitment to maintain the sustainability of the forest that is the habitat of Sumatran tigers.

- Talkshow with the theme of living Harmony

The Talk Show activity was carried out on September 26, 2024 which was attended by the Kerinci Seblat National Park forest farmer group, Social Forestry Group, Women's Group and nature lovers student group. The resource persons in this activity were the Governor of Bengkulu and the Head of the Kerinci Seblat National Park Office. In this activity, the Head of the Kerinci Seblat National Park Office handed over patrol equipment assistance to former hunters assisted by the Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia. In this activity, the Governor of Bengkulu also provided assistance to forest farmer groups and women's groups who succeeded in maintaining forest conservation in their respective areas.

- Public Speaking Competition for Elementary School Children

The public speaking competition was held on September 27, 2024, which was attended by 15 elementary school students from Kepahyang district and the city of Bengkulu. The theme of this public speaking competition is Sumatran Tiger. Coming out as 1st place were students from Ujan Mas elementary school in Kepahyang regency and for 2nd and 3rd place were elementary school students from Bengkulu City. This activity aims to provide knowledge to early childhood about the Sumatran Tiger and the importance of preserving it.

- Film Screening entitled "The Last Snare"

The screening of this film was witnessed by all participants of the conservation school, all committees and officers of Kerinci Seblat National Park. The film is a film produced by Garda Animalia with Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia with the story of a former Hunter who has now quit / repented and is currently helping Lingkar Initiative carry out campaigns and protection for Sumatran tigers. After the screening, the audience also gets an explanation about the filming process.



Public Speaking Competition for elementary school children



Governor of Bengkulu together with participants of the Conservation School in the Commemoration of World Tiger Day

2. Response to handling community report of human and wildlife conflicts

During the period February-July 2024, The Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia together with the Bengkulu Natural Resources Conservation Center and Kerinci Seblat National Park Officers have carried out conflict response activities in 2 locations, namely Rice Fields Mining Village, Lebong Regency and Alas Bangun Village, North Bengkulu Regency. In Bengkulu district, 3 trap units have been installed spread across 3 villages, namely Alas Bangun Village, Tanjung Muara Village, and Tanjung Kemenyan Village, Bengkulu Utara Regency. For the conflict in Alas Bangun Village, based on information from the head of the hamlet, the Sumatran Tiger has preyed on 2 cows and 9 goats of the community in the period of 2024. In the Rice Field Mining Village, they only expel Sumatran tigers so that they re-enter their habitat. This conflict response activity was carried out in June and July 2024.

In January 2025, a joint team consisting of the Bengkulu Natural Resources Conservation Center, Kerinci Seblat National Park, Fauna & Flora and Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia conducted a conflict

response in Tunggal Jaya and Mekar Jaya Villages in Teras Terunjam district. This conflict between humans and tigers caused casualties 1 human soul died, 3 cows. The team installed 3 traps.

Key achievements:

1. Socialization FATWA MUI activities were carried out 7 times in North Bengkulu Regency, Apart from that, socialization was also carried out in 5 mosques in North Bengkulu Regency through sermons when Muslims performed Friday prayers. This activity has increased knowledge about wildlife conservation to 345 people in the forest periphery.
2. SMART Patrol was carried out 15 times with a total time of 69 days and a total distance of 392 kilometers. During the 15 patrol activities carried out by the team, there were 2 inactive tiger snares, 16 prey traps and 10 glue traps for birds. During this period, the patrol team also found indications of the presence of Sumatran tigers at 14 points along the patrol route with indications of their existence through the discovery of footprints, scratches and feces. In addition, the patrol team also found illegal use of forest areas by the community at 38 points Investigation activities were carried out 10 times with a total time of 40 days. The investigation team has succeeded in identifying illegal animal hunting and trading activities which are again active in Muko-Muko Regency, Lebong Regency and Musi Rawas Regency. The Investigation Team has a list of names of suspected perpetrators and is currently monitoring it together with the TPCU/PHS Team.
3. The Lingkar Inisiatif Team has provided assistance to 4 new former hunters, these 4 hunters carry out tiger hunting activities in the Lebong regency area.

Obstacles to success:

In general, the project is running according to plan, the main obstacle is the lack of a Cooperation Agreement between the Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia and the Head of the Kerinci Seblat National Park Office.

Monitoring and Evaluation:

To ensure the success of the project, Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia uses monitoring and evaluation with the mechanism of holding regular meetings at least 2 times a month. This meeting was attended by all staff to discuss the work plan and evaluation of the activities that have been carried out.

In addition to regular meetings twice a month, the Lingkar Inisiatif Indonesia also has mechanis for regular meetings with the Supervisory Board are held every 6 months. This meeting is chaired by Chairperson of the Supervisory Agency to evalute this suitability of the implementation of activities with the planning of activities.

Externally, evaluation and monitoring are also carried out the by the KSNP Authority based on the Program Implementation Plan (RPP) and Annual Plan (RKT) which have been mutually agreed upon and approved by the Head of the KSNP Authority.

Shared learning:

Lingkar Inisatif Indonesia will continue to share experience related to conservation work carried out in the project area using various existing campaign media, conventional and social media.

Media:

1. <https://www.rri.co.id/daerah/941728/perburuan-harimau-meningkat-di-bengkulu>
2. <https://www.antarafoto.com/id/view/2264219/patroli-sapu-jerat-harimau-sumatera>
3. <https://www.bengkuluinteraktif.com/mantan-pemburu-diusulkan-jadi-duta-harimau>
4. <https://bandungbergerak.id/article/detail/159228/menyelamatkan-harimau-dan-cendrawasih-melalui-film-documenter>
5. <https://www.antaranews.com/berita/4219739/gubernur-bengkulu-usulkan-mantan-pemburu-menjadi-duta-harimau>
6. <https://regional.kompas.com/read/2024/07/29/120933778/gubernur-bengkulu-usul-mantan-pemburu-harimau-jadi-duta-harimau>

7. <https://curupekspress.bacakoran.co/read/6064/global-tiger-day-2024-gubernur-kampanyekan-pencegahan-kepunahan-harimau-sumatera>
8. <https://www.siberspace.id/gubernur-bengkulu-harimau-adalah-indikator-hutan-sehat>
9. <https://radarutara.bacakoran.co/read/7131/eks-pemburu-harimau-bisa-jadi-ikon-penyelamatan-satwa-dilindungi>
10. <https://regional.kompas.com/read/2025/01/08/143902878/mengapa-konflik-harimau-dan-manusia-di-mukomuko-terus-terjadi>
11. <https://daerah.tvrinews.com/berita/tsjpru4-jual-beli-lahan-hutan-secara-ilegal-akibatkan-konflik-manusia-dan-harimau-di-bengkulu>
12. <https://bencoolentimes.com/harimau-sumatera-muncul-makan-ternak-hingga-memangsa-manusia-berikut-beberapa-faktor-penyebabnya/>
13. <https://regional.kompas.com/read/2025/01/08/143902878/mengapa-konflik-harimau-dan-manusia-di-mukomuko-terus-terjadi>
14. <https://tingkap.co/lingkungan/170/empat-faktor-penyebab-harimau-berkeliaran-menimbulkan-korban.html>
15. <https://www.suarapembaruan.news/regional/53859725/ribuan-hektare-hutan-berubah-jadi-kebun-sawit-warga-bengkulu-diserang-harimau>

Have you provided at least 2 blogs? Y/N? Yes

Have you provided at least 10 high quality images with details of the relevant credit?

Y/N? Yes

Section III. Appendix (Please populate this section with details from section II)	
Did you carry out camera trapping as part of this project? N	
If yes: Total camera trap nights/days:	Total area surveyed:
Numbers of tiger/leopard/prey recorded	Please include data on other species recorded
Are numbers of tigers/leopards/prey increasing or decreasing in your project area? Please show trends.	
Did you carry out other surveys? Y/N	
If yes: Please give details	
Did you carry out patrolling as part of this project? Yes	
If yes: Total distance patrolled: 392 km (please give figures for different methods, vehicle/foot/boat etc) foot	Total area patrolled: 136.975,64 Ha
Do you use Patrol Monitoring software such as SMART? Yes	
If yes: Total distance patrolled using patrol monitoring software? 392 km	How do you collect data? Handheld devices/paper/other? Please give details Coordinate data retrieval using GPS, all findings are recorded manually using a tally sheet and then the data processed using the SMART (Spatial Monitoring and Reporting Tool) program.
Please provide comparison data from your patrols over time	
Please provide data on violations recorded/arrests/successful prosecutions	
Does your project work with local communities? Y/N	

If yes: (please be as specific as possible and include gender split) Who? Regular meeting with local leader and religious, and also local communities	What did you do? Was it successful? Make a collaborative patrol for secure tigers habitat and socialization for tiger protection in KSNP	How many people did you reach?
How do you measure the success of this activity?		
Did you carry out educational activities with adults or children? Y/N		
If yes: (please be as specific as possible and include gender split) Who?	What did you do?	How many people reached?
Have you seen behaviour change from these activities? (Please give details of your results and of how this is measured)		
Did you carry out training activities for any staff/community member on the project? Y/N		
If yes: (please be as specific as possible and include gender split) Who?	What did you do? Was it effective?	How many staff trained? How many others trained?
How do you measure the effectiveness of this training?		
Did you carry out conflict mitigation activities with community members?		
If yes: Who?	What?	How main people did this include?
Have you seen behaviour change from these activities? (Please give details of your results and how this is measured)		
Were any scientific papers/articles published because of your project? Y/N		

If so, please give details or provide copies.